Bi-National Collaboration in

Cancer Care

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Cancer Global Impact

• The world faces a *"Tidal Wave"* of cancer

- According to the World Health Organization and other advocacy agencies
- In 2012:
 - The worldwide burden of cancer rose to ~14 million new cases per year.

World Cancer Report 2014, International Agency for Research on Cancer Nonserial Publication, Stewart, B. W., Wild, C. P.



Cancer Global Impact

• In the next 2 decades:

• The worldwide burden of cancer is expected to rise to 22-24 million new cases per year.

World Cancer Report 2014, International Agency for Research on Cancer Nonserial Publication, Stewart, B. W., Wild, C. P.



Cancer Global Impact

- More than 50% of cancer cases in the world currently arise in low-income and middle-income countries.
- This proportion will rise to 70% by 2020.
- This represents a formidable challenge for prevention, early detection, and treatment.

World Cancer Report 2014, International Agency for Research on Cancer Nonserial Publication, Stewart, B. W., Wild, C. P.



Role of radiotherapy in cancer control in low-income and middleincome countries

Prof <u>Michael B Barton</u> FRANZCR a 🗹 Michael Frommer FAFPHM b, Jesmin Shafiq MPH a

- Radiotherapy is an essential part of the treatment of cancer.
- In high-income countries, 52% of new cases of cancer should receive radiotherapy at least once.
 Up to 25% might receive a second course.



Role of radiotherapy in cancer control in low-income and middleincome countries

Prof <u>Michael B Barton</u> FRANZCR a 🗹 🖂, Prof <u>Michael Frommer</u> FAFPHM b, <u>Jesmin Shafiq</u> MPH a

- Patients with cancer in low-income and middleincome regions could have a *greater need* for radiotherapy.
 - Due to different tumor types and advanced stage at presentation.



Role of radiotherapy in cancer control in low-income and middleincome countries

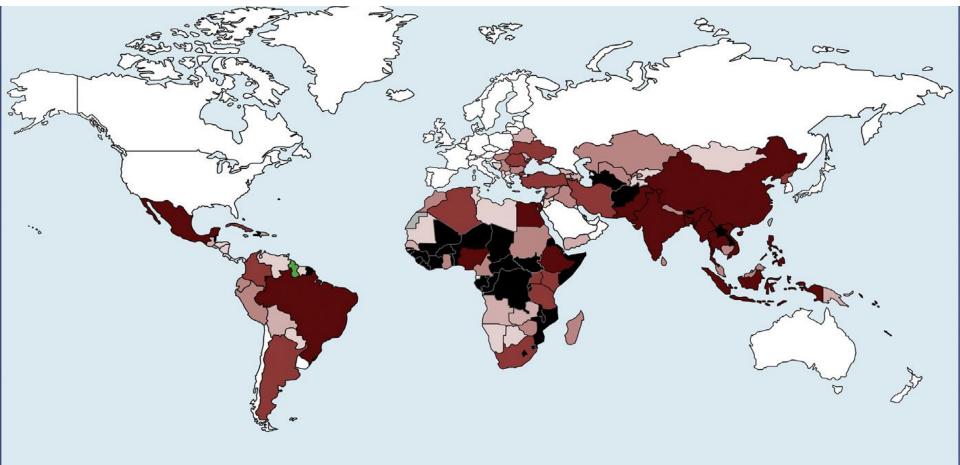
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 Radiotherapy for cure or palliation has been shown to be cost effective.



Radiation Therapy Infrastructure and Human Resources in Low- and Middle-Income Countries: Present Status and Projections for 2020

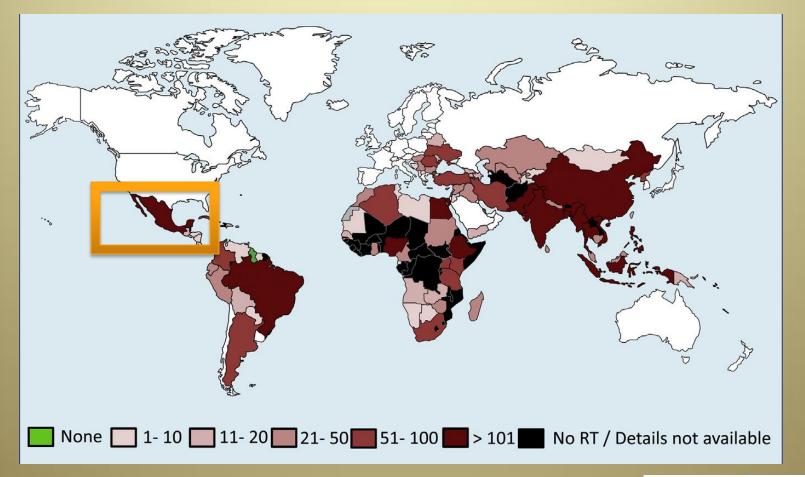
Niloy R. Datta, MD,* Massoud Samiei, PhD,[†] and Stephan Bodis, MD^{\ddagger}



None ____ 1- 10 ____ 11- 20 ____ 21- 50 ____ 51- 100 ____ > 101 ____ No RT / Details not available

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Additional Radiation Therapy units needed by 2020.



Int J Radiation Oncol Biol Phys, Vol. 89, No. 3, pp. 448e457, 2014



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Radiation Therapy Infrastructure and Staffing Needs (present and by 2020):

Table 2 Radiation therapy infrastructure and staffing in 84 low- and middle-income countries											
		% of patients with	Present deficit of no. of RT infrastructure and staffing [†]			Additional number of RT infrastructure and staffing required by 2020 [‡]					
No.	Country	access to RT*	TRT unit	RO	MP	RTT	TRT unit	RO	MP	RTT	
40.	Kyrgyzstan	37.2	-5	0	-6	-19	7	3	8	25	
41.	Lebanon	135.1	4	-10	-3	3	1	20	8	14	
42.	Libya	59.2	-3	-8	4	-9	6	12	-1	16	
43.	Macedonia, FYR	29.5	-7	4	-4	-12	9	-1	6	16	
44.	Madagascar	4.0	-24	-42	-23	-67	31	55	30	89	
45.	Malaysia	78.9	-11	-88	-42	-143	27	115	57	189	
46.	Mauritania	39.1	-2	-3	0	-2	3	4	1	5	
47.	Mauritius	82.4	-1	-1	-1	1	2	2	2	2	
48.	Mexico	61.3	-80	-158	-163	-444	141	268	224	627	
49.	Moldova	29.1	-10	2	-10	-26	10	-1	10	28	
50.	Mongolia	35.5	-4	-2	-2	-9	5	5	3	14	

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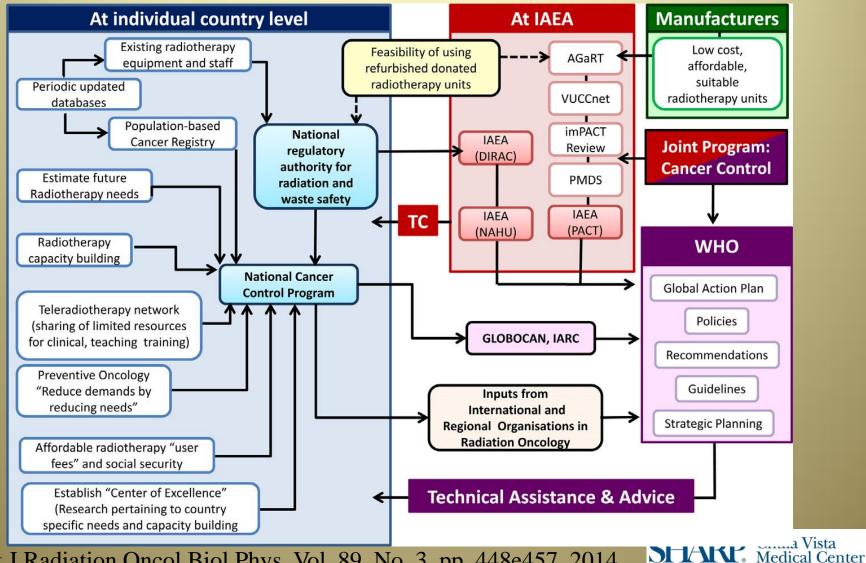
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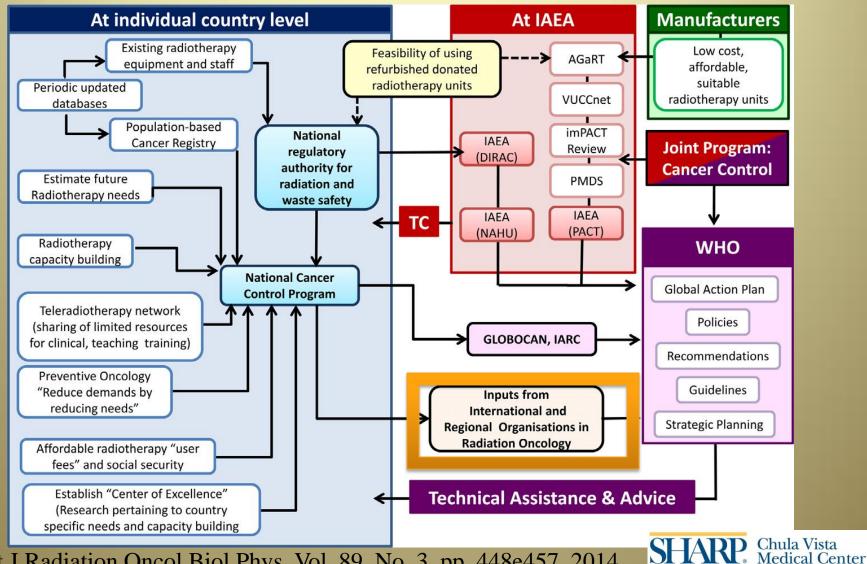


International Collaboration



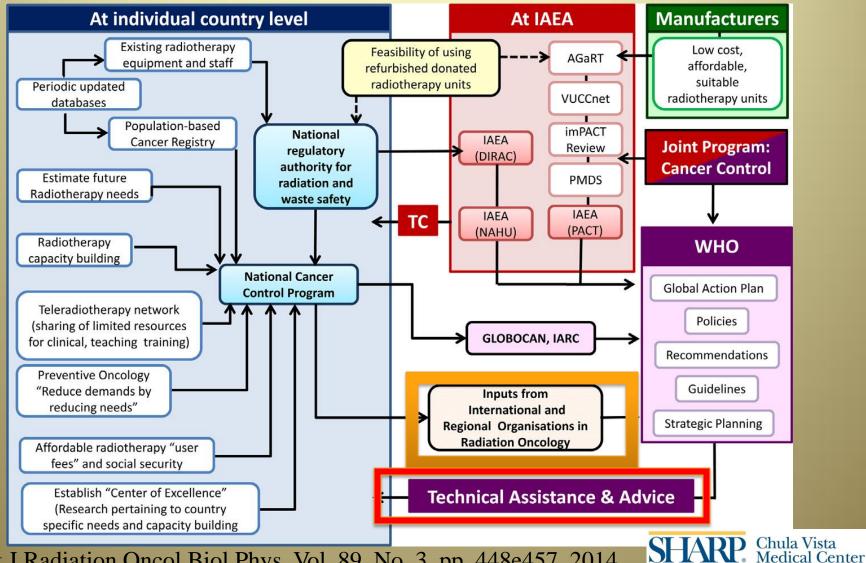
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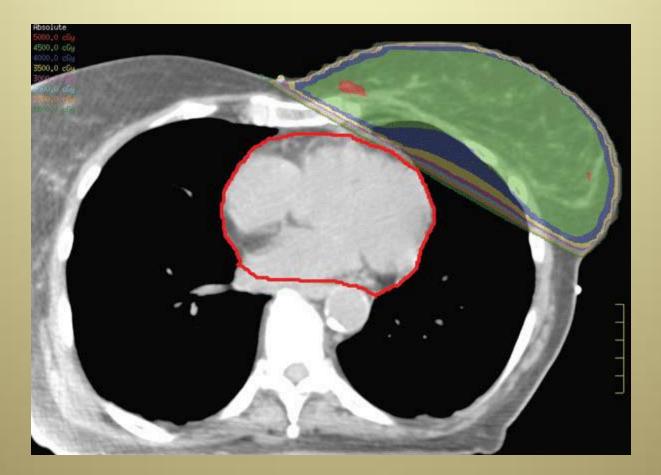
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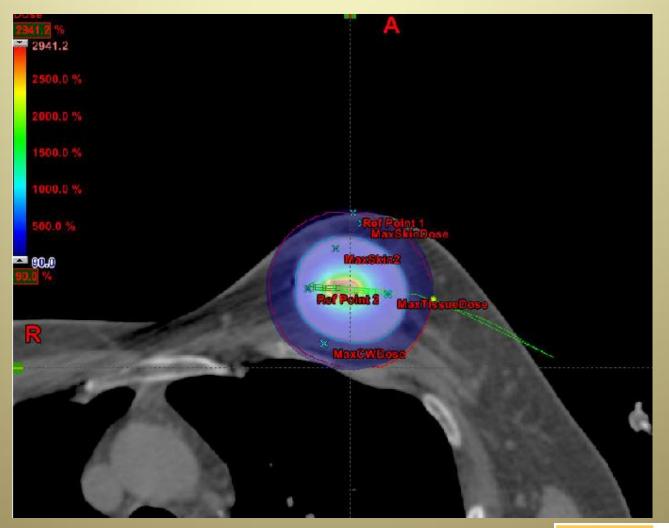
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Bi-National Collaboration for Cure



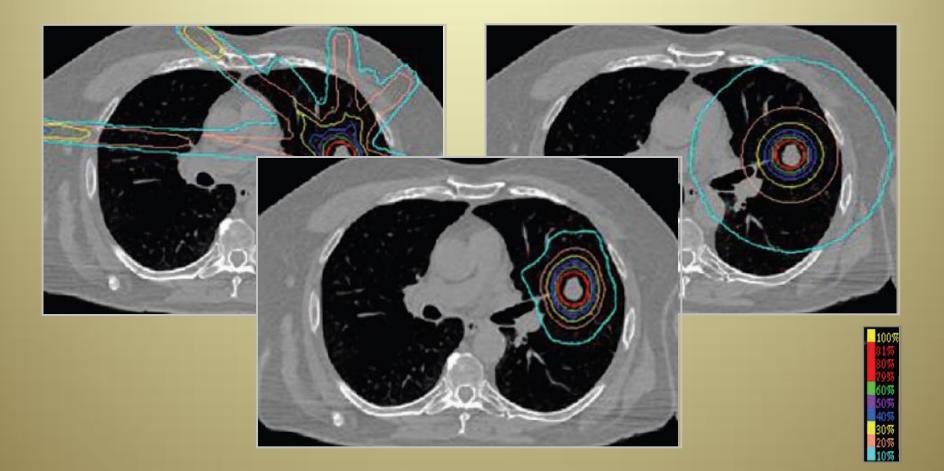


Convenient Treatment Plans



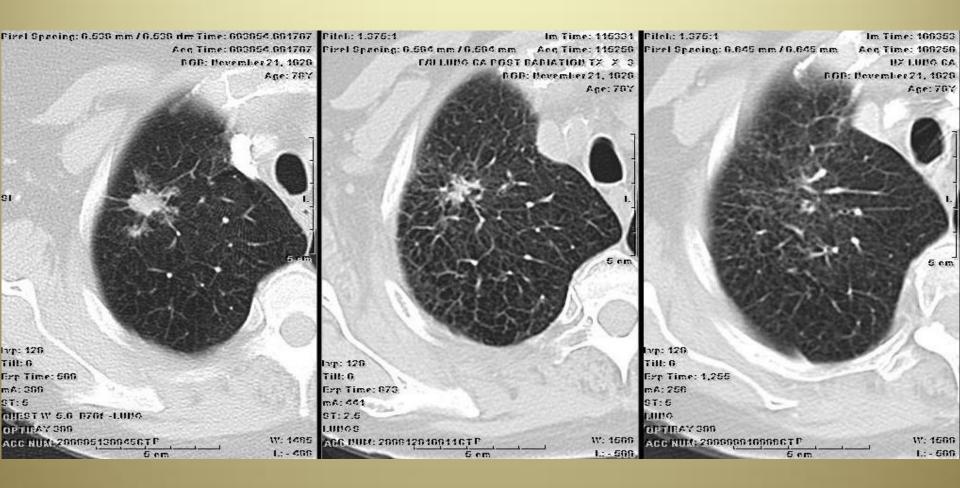


Bi-national Collaboration: Cure





Bi-national Collaboration: Cure





Bi-national Collaboration: Palliation and Quality of Life

"Palliative therapy is an important part of cancer care, with the objective to improve the terminal patient's quality of life.

Radiation therapy is one of the <u>most cost-effective and</u> <u>quickest modes of sustainable pain relief</u> in a number of situations resulting in a <u>better quality of life</u>.

This too calls for adequate radiation therapy services, not only for curative but also for palliative therapy."

The Lancet Oncology, Volume 7, Issue 7, Pages 584 - 595, July 2006



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